

UKS2 PSHE Knowledge Organiser

Year: 6 Term: 2

Focus: Celebrating Difference

National Curriculum Objectives

- Know what culture means
- Know that differences in culture can sometimes be a source of conflict
- Know what racism is and why it is unacceptable
- Know that rumour spreading is a form of bullying on and offline
- Know external forms of support in regard to bullying e.g. Childline
- Know that bullying can be direct and indirect
- Know how their life is different from the lives of children in the developing world

- **Equality (law)** -the right to equal protection of the laws.
- **Human Rights(law)** - any basic right or freedom to which all human beings are entitled.
- **Race** - refers to a person's physical characteristics, such as bone structure and skin, hair, or eye colour.
- **Culture** -the ideas, customs, and social behaviour of a particular people or society.



Key vocabulary

Word	Meaning
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Human Rights(law)	Any basic right or freedom to which all human beings are entitled.
Race	Refers to a person's physical characteristics, such as bone structure and skin, hair, or eye colour.
Culture	The ideas, customs, and social behaviour of a particular people or society.

Sticky Knowledge:

Within society, people don't always get along, and sometimes people forget that it is other people's differences that make them unique and special.

When a person doesn't respect the different qualities and opinions of another person or group, this can often be called discrimination.

Discrimination is the unfair treatment or bullying of one particular person or group of people. Often, this unfair treatment is because of the person's differences e.g. gender, race, age, disability or other factors.

Respecting human rights helps make the world a fairer place.